## Divisibility, Factors \& Multiples

## Rules for Divisibility



## Factors \& Multiples

Factors and multiples are both to do with multiplication:

- "Factors" are the numbers we can multiply together to get another number
- Multiples are what we get after multiplying the number by an integer (not a fraction)


## Factors

## What is a factor?

Factors are numbers that you can multiply together to get another number:
Example: 2 and 3 are factors of 6 , because $2 \times 3=6$


A number can have MANY factors!
Example 1: What are the factors of 12 ?
3 and 4 are factors of 12 , because $3 \times 4=12$.
Also $2 \times 6=12$ so 2 and 6 are also factors of 12 .
And $1 \times 12=12$ so 1 and 12 are factors of 12 as well
So what are the factors of 12 ? $(1,2,3,4,6,12)$

## Factors

## Example 2:

List all the factors of 28

$$
\begin{gathered}
1 \times 28=28 \\
2 \times 14=28 \\
4 \times 7=28
\end{gathered}
$$

So, all the factors of 28 are:
(1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28)

## Multiples

A multiple is the result of multiplying a number by an integer (not a fraction)
Example: Find the Multiples of 3
$3 \times 0=0$
$3 \times 1=3$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 x-1=-3 \\
& 3 x-2=-6 \\
& 3 x-3=-9
\end{aligned}
$$

$3 \times 2=6$
$3 \times 3=9$

$$
\ldots,-9,-6,-3,0,3,6,9, \ldots
$$

Is 7 a multiple of 3 ? Why not?

## Multiples

Example: Find the Multiples of 9

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9 \times 0=0 \\
& 9 \times 1=9 \\
& 9 \times 2=18 \\
& 9 \times 3=27
\end{aligned} \quad 9 \times-1=-90189 \times-2=-18
$$

$$
\ldots,-27,-18,-9,0,9,18,27, \ldots
$$

## Homework

Worksheets:Copy down Divisibility Rules into Notebook
Page 58 - Part A all
Page 59 -Part A allPart B \# 1, 2, 5Part C \& D
Page 60 - Part A \# 1-5
Part B \# 1-5
Part C \& D

