

# Algebra: Monomials

**Adding & Subtracting**

# Monomials

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What is a monomial?

$$ax^n$$

$a$  = coefficient

$x$  = variable

$n$  = exponent

# Monomials

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A monomial is the product of a number and a power of variable  $x$  (or  $y$ ,  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  etc)

# Monomials

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ex.  $-5x^6$

What is the coefficient?

Variable?

Exponent?

# Monomials

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The degree of the monomial corresponds to the variables exponent.

Ex. What is the degree of  $7a^4$ ?

# Monomials

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The degree of a monomial with more than one variable is equal to the sum of the exponents.

ex. What is the degree of  $7x^5y^2$ ?

# Adding and Subtracting Monomials

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When two monomials have the *same* variables **and** the *same* exponents - they are “like terms” or similar.

Only when they are similar, can we add or subtract the monomials.

ex. Are  $6x^3$  and  $-2x^3$  similar?

# Adding and Subtracting Monomials

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Recap: Only if they are like terms can monomials be added or subtracted.

ex. Can we add  $-5y^2$  and  $6y^2$ ?

Yes!

$$-5y^2 + 6y^2 = 1y^2 \text{ or just } y^2$$

# Adding and Subtracting Monomials

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ex.

$$6a + 8a - 3a =$$

ex.

$$-7y^3 + 8y^3 - 10y^3 =$$